

Hi!

Introducing SModelS

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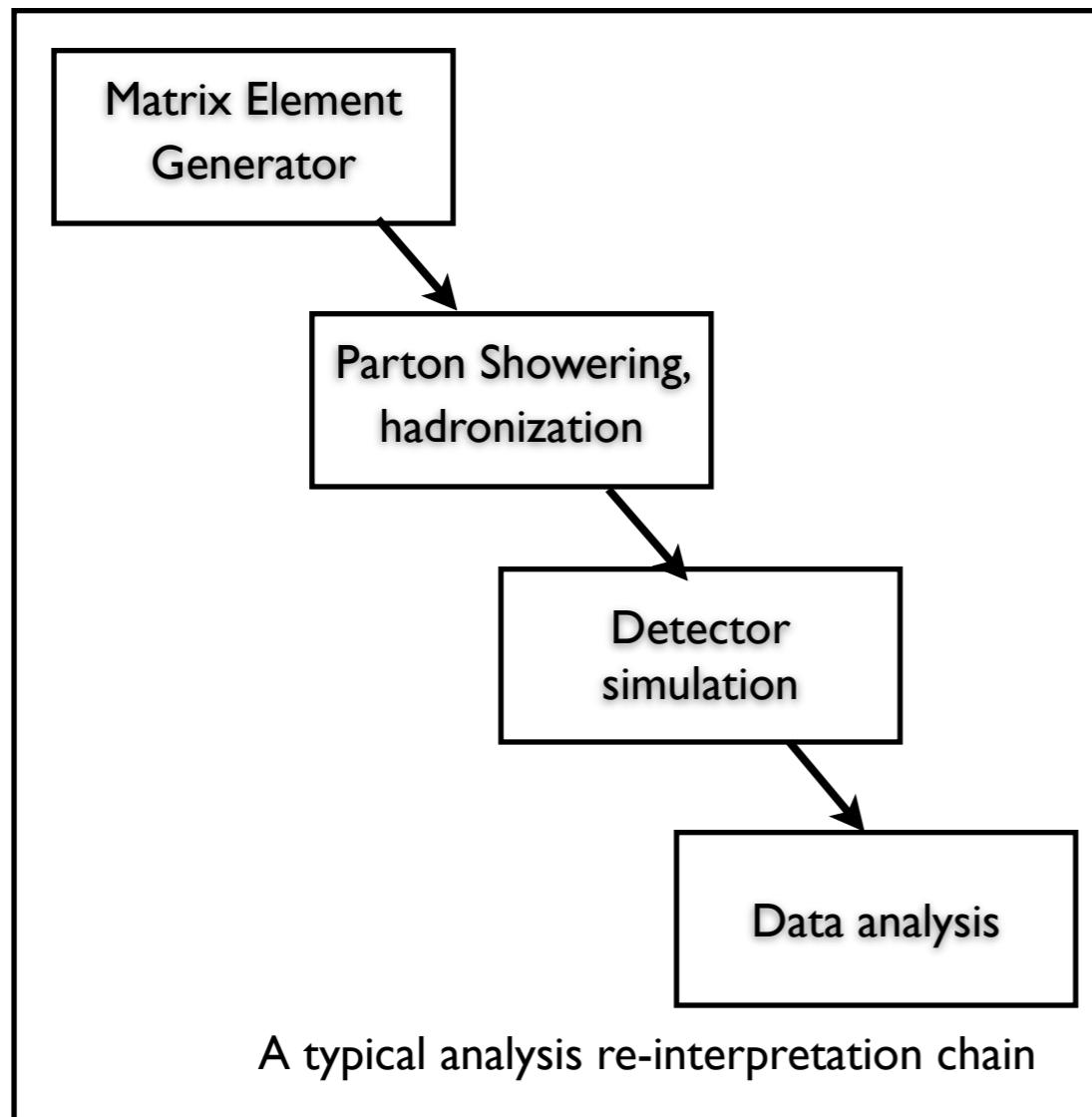
based on:

work in progress with W. Waltenberger, U. Laa, A. Lessa, D. Proschofsky, S. Kraml,
W. Magerl

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.7 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	1308.1841
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q} 740 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow qqW^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.18 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow gq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.12 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-089
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	\tilde{g} 1.24 TeV	tan β <15 1208.4688
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	\tilde{g} 1.4 TeV	tan β >18 ATLAS-CONF-2013-020
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 1.07 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$ 1209.0753
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 619 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2012-144
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 900 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>220 \text{ GeV}$ 1211.1167
	GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 $e, \mu (Z)$	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	\tilde{g} 690 GeV	$m(\tilde{H})>200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-153
	Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$F^{1/2} \text{ scale}$ 645 GeV	$m(\tilde{g})>10^{-4} \text{ eV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-147
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<600 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.1841
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.34 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1 100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<90 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 $e, \mu (\text{SS})$	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{b}_1 275-430 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{light}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	\tilde{t}_1 110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$ 1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{light}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 130-220 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(W)-50 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{t}_1) < m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-048
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{medium}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 225-525 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{medium}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=5 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{heavy}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{t}_1 200-610 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-037
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{heavy}), \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.5	\tilde{t}_1 320-660 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-024
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 90-200 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1(\text{natural GMSB})$	2 $e, \mu (Z)$	1 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{t}_1 500 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-025
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 $e, \mu (Z)$	1 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{t}_2 271-520 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+180 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-025
EW direct	$\tilde{l}_{L,R}\tilde{l}_{L,R}, \tilde{l} \rightarrow l\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{l} 85-315 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-049
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow \tilde{l}\nu(\ell\bar{\nu})$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 125-450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{l}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-049
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}\nu(\tau\bar{\nu})$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 180-330 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\tau}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-028
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^-\tilde{\chi}_2^d \rightarrow \tilde{l}_L\nu_L\tilde{l}'_L\ell(\bar{\nu}), \tilde{l}'_L\tilde{l}_L\ell(\bar{\nu})$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)=0, m(\tilde{l}, \bar{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-035
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^-\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 315 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)=0$, sleptons decoupled ATLAS-CONF-2013-035
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^-\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 285 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0)=0$, sleptons decoupled ATLAS-CONF-2013-093
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=0.2 \text{ ns}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	\tilde{g} 832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s}<\tau(\tilde{g})<1000 \text{ s}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-057
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu})+\tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	$10<\tan\beta<50$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-056
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma G$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	$0.4<\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<2 \text{ ns}$ 1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\tilde{q} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ , displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	\tilde{q} 1.0 TeV	$1.5 < \tau < 156 \text{ mm}, \text{BR}(\mu)=1, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=108 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-092
RPV	LFV $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda_{132}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	LFV $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda_{1(2)33}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), \text{ct}_{\text{LSP}}<1 \text{ mm}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-140
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, ee\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 760 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>300 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{121}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\tilde{\nu}_e, e\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>80 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{133}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}q$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 916 GeV	$\text{BR}(t)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-09
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 $e, \mu (\text{SS})$	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{g} 880 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
Other	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon $\rightarrow q\bar{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693
	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$	2 $e, \mu (\text{SS})$	1 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 800 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-057
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M* scale 704 GeV	$m(\chi)<80 \text{ GeV}$, limit of <687 GeV for D8 ATLAS-CONF-2012-147

**Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.*

Is this the most generic scenario?



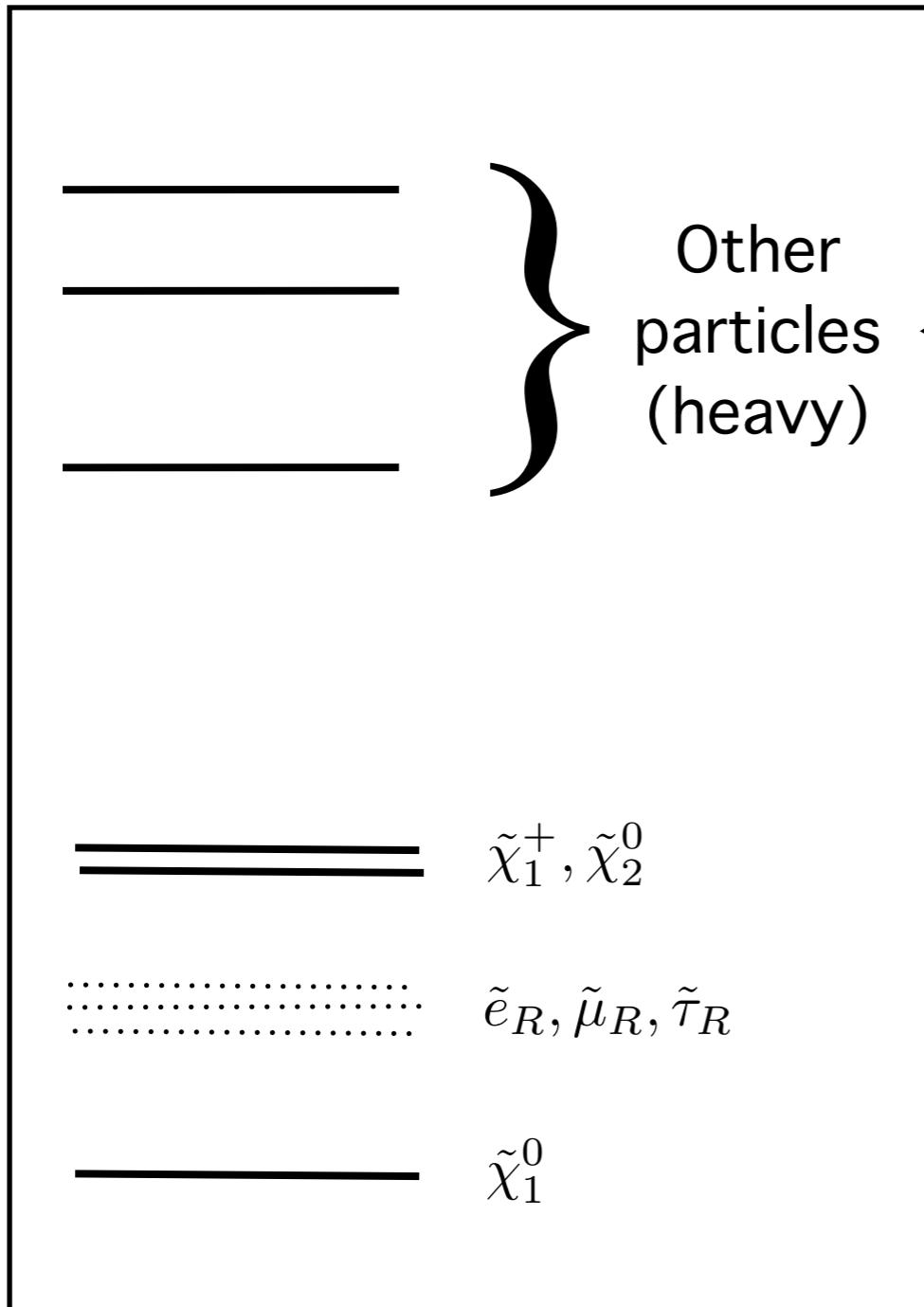
- Interpretation of LHC searches are model dependent
- Model dependence comes while converting the number of events observed to a limit on particle masses
- For a more generic case, either re-interpret the results yourself, or use simplified Models results

- Re-interpreting the results yourself involves re-implementing the analysis, requires expertise, large computing power, time consuming
- We stick to simplified models results

What is an SMS result?

- SMS are an effective-Lagrangian description of BSM involving a limited set of new particles.

What is an SMS result?

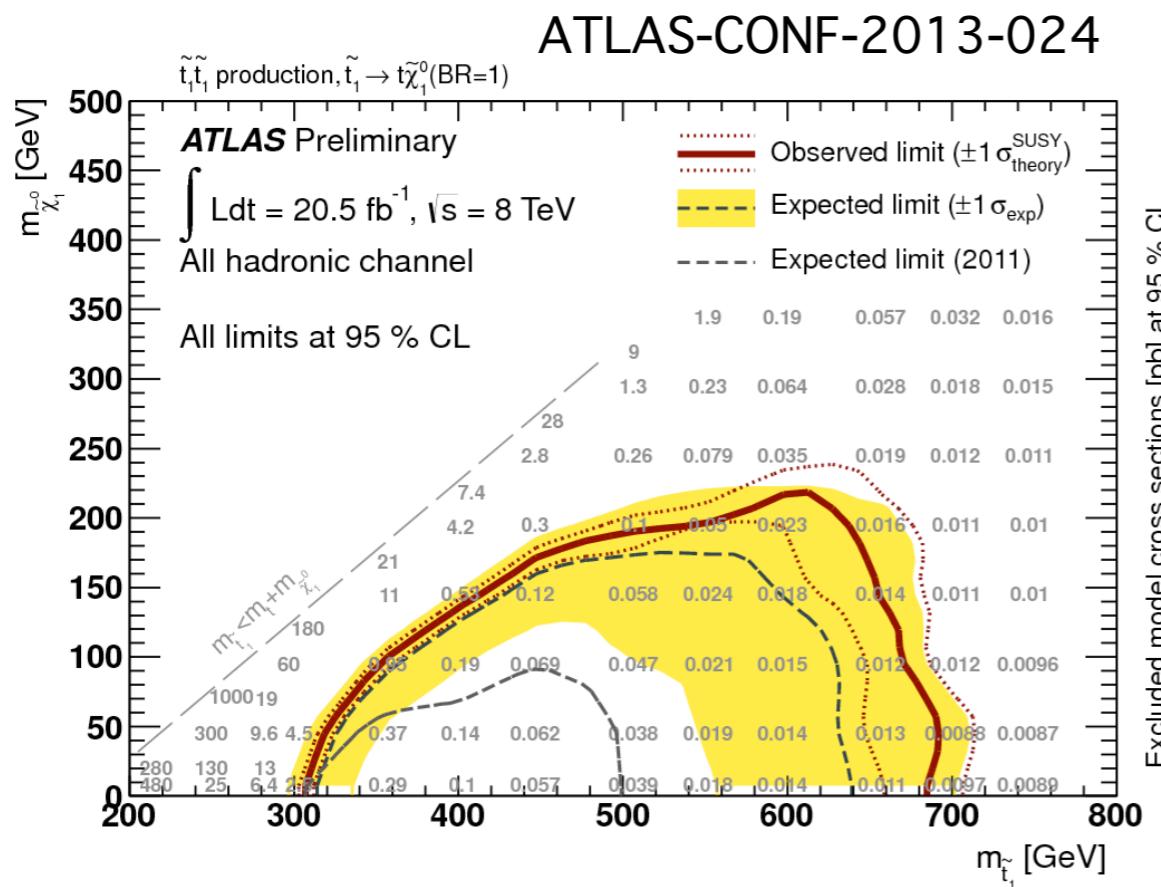


We don't care about them

Effective theory contains only
some electroweak -inos and
some sleptons

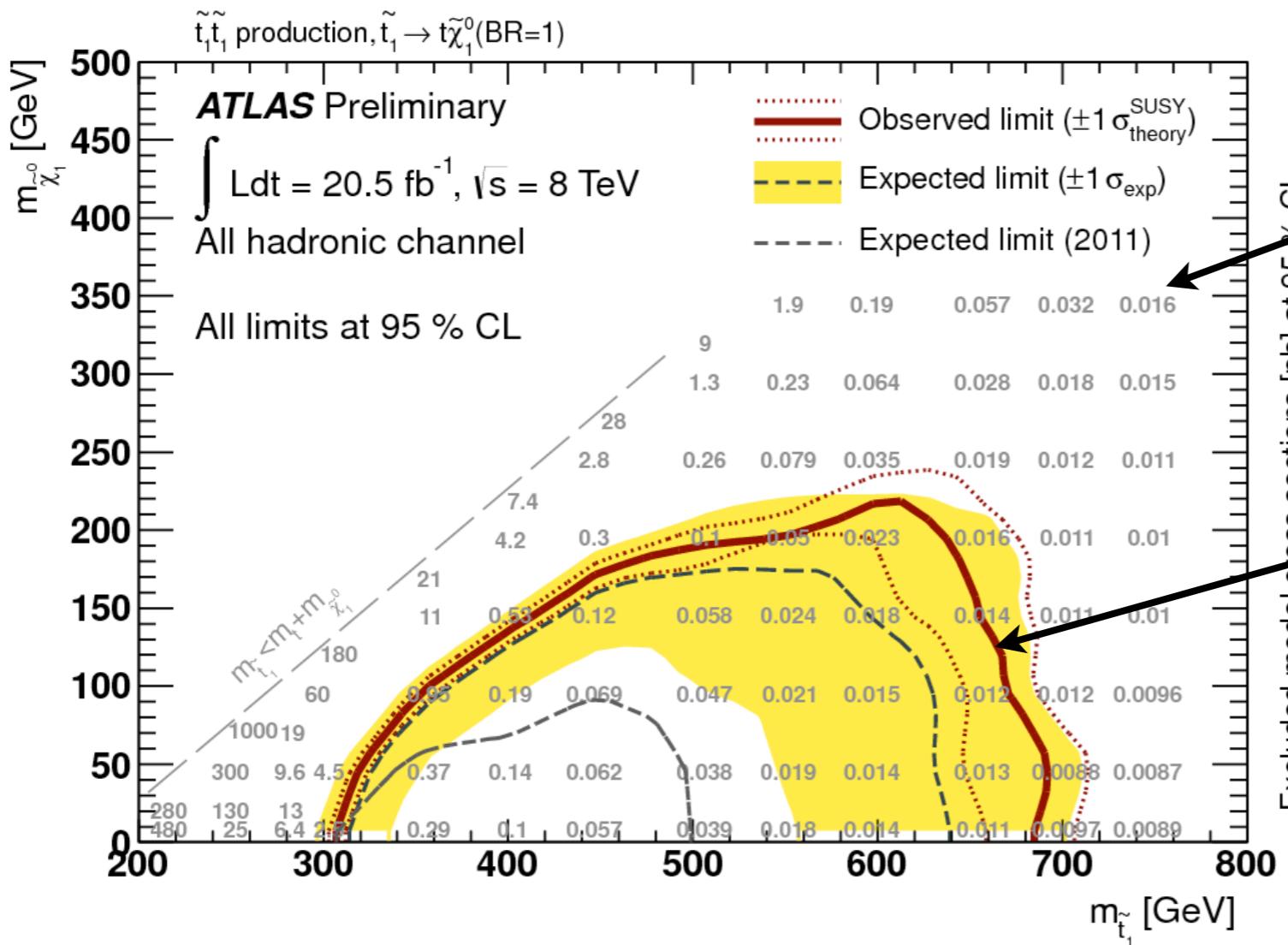
What is an SMS result?

Note: the grid numbers on the plot are more important than the exclusion lines



- Every SMS interpretation is based on a set of assumptions and is applicable for specific topologies e.g. ttbar + MET
 - A generic point in e.g. SUSY parameter space contains many topologies and is sensitive to more than one SMS interpretation e.g. ttbar + MET, bbar + MET

How to read an SMS result



We should use
these numbers

Useful but not
the most
important
outcome

- 95% CL UL is the unfolded maximum amount of cross-section allowed for a specific decay chain and a mass combination

Is $\sigma_{\text{XBR}}(\text{ttbar} + \text{MET})$ of your model for a given mass > the number on the plot? -- Yes, point excluded; No, point allowed

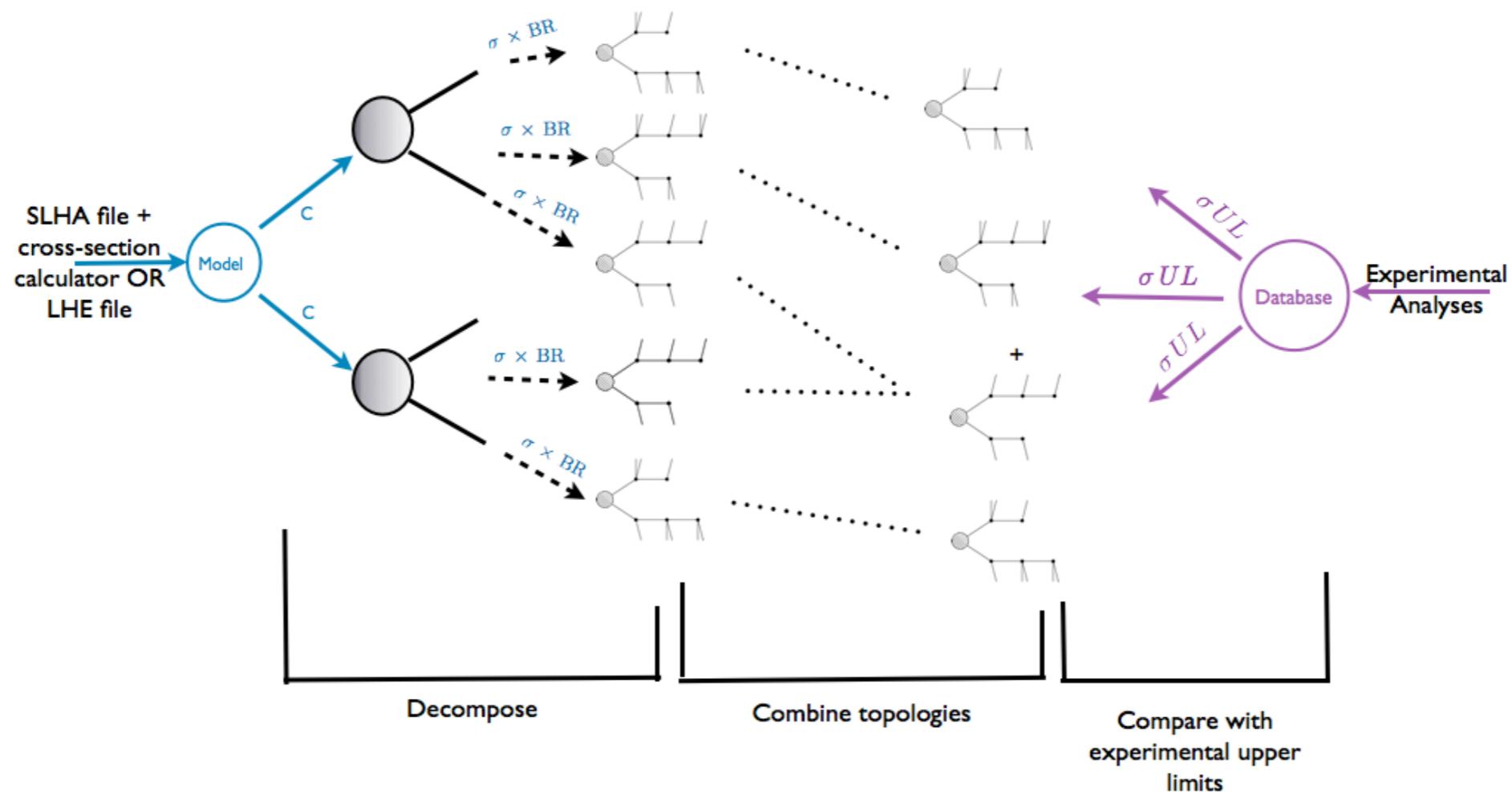
Can we have a centralized database of all the SMS results to check a given SUSY point in parameter space by decomposing it into SMS topologies?

Central concept of



SModelS framework

- It assumes, for most experimental searches, the BSM model can be approximated by a sum over effective simplified models



- Current implementation assumes R-parity is conserved

Given
Spectra

===== $\tilde{\chi}_1^+, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$

:-----: $\tilde{e}_R, \tilde{\mu}_R, \tilde{\tau}_R$

— $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$

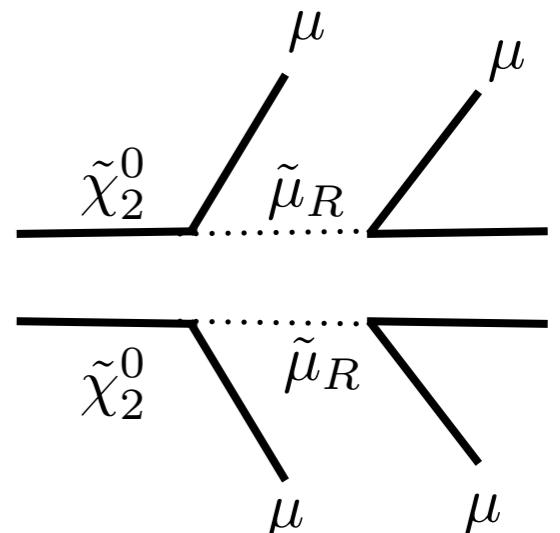
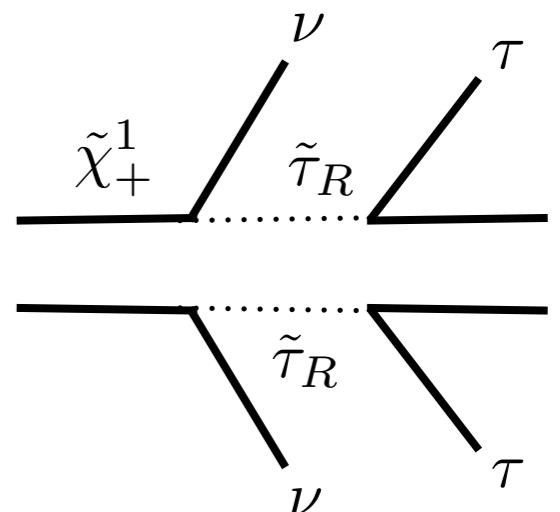
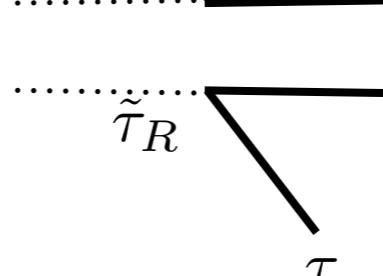
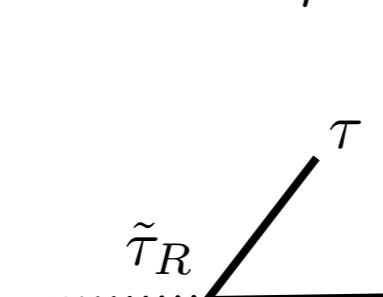
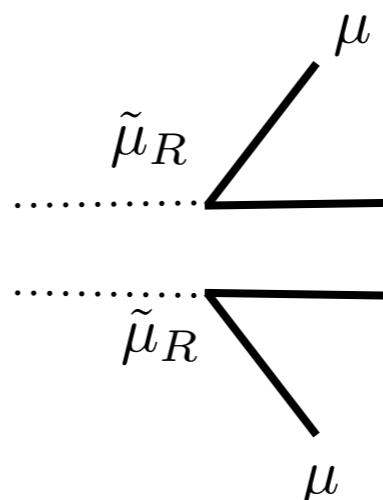
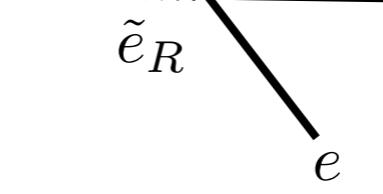
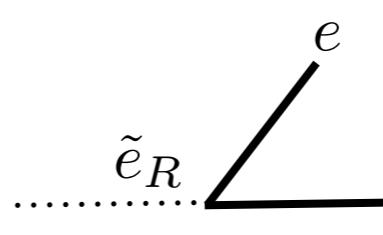
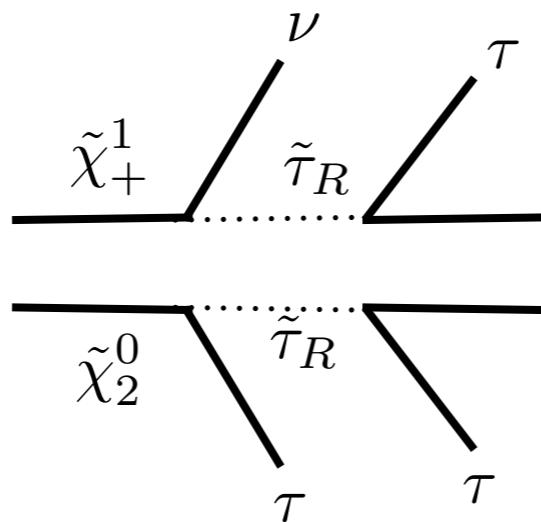
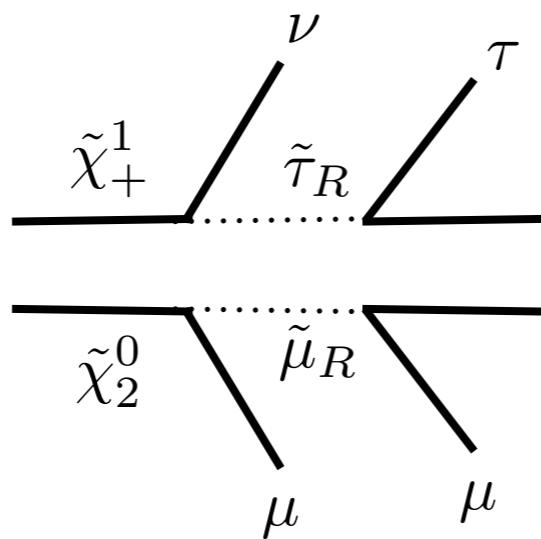
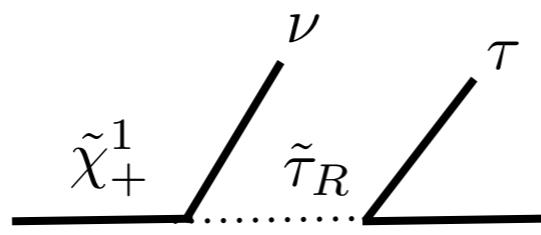
Decomposition

**Given
Spectra**

$\equiv \tilde{\chi}_1^+, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$

$\cdots \tilde{e}_R, \tilde{\mu}_R, \tilde{\tau}_R$

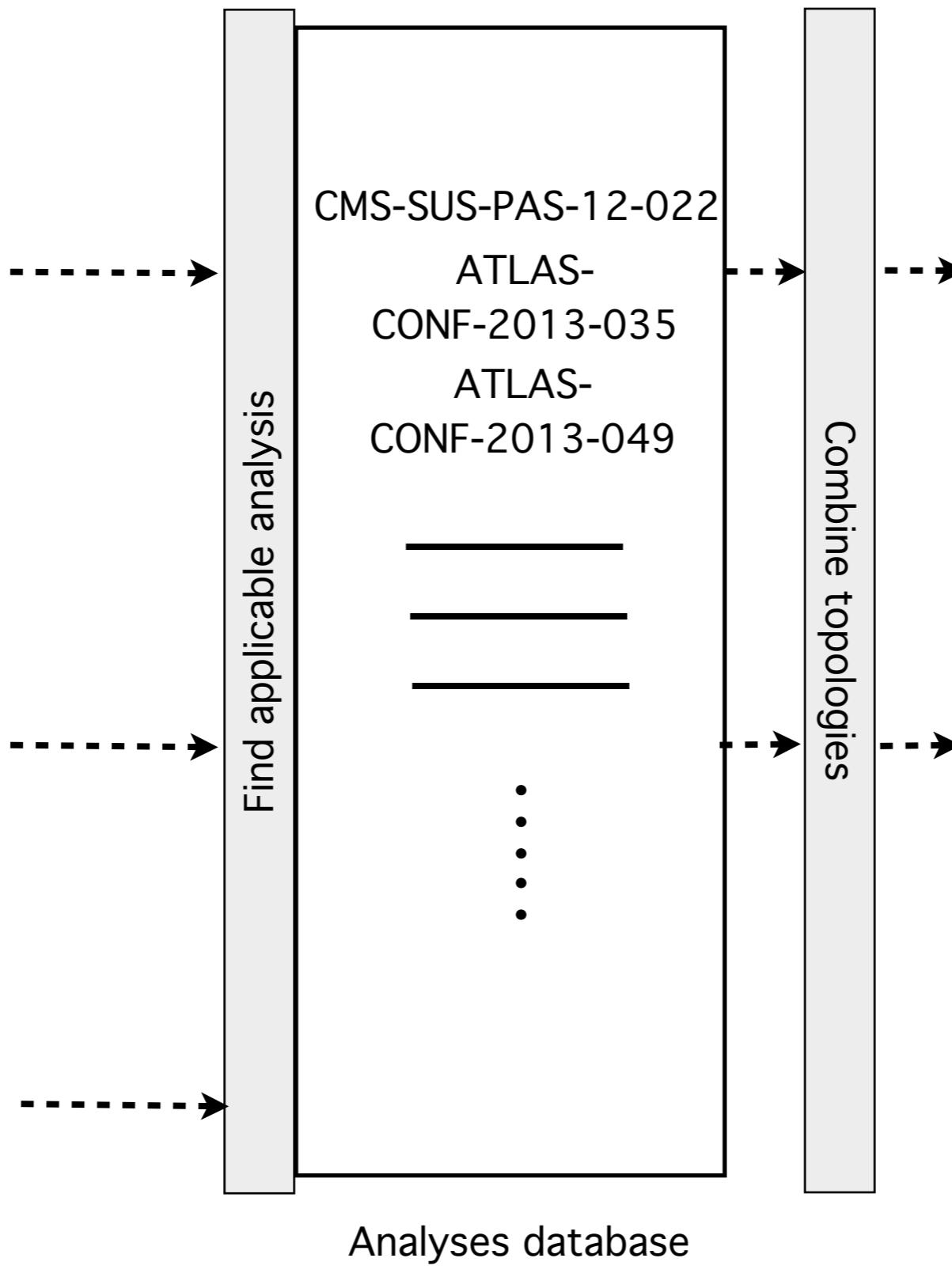
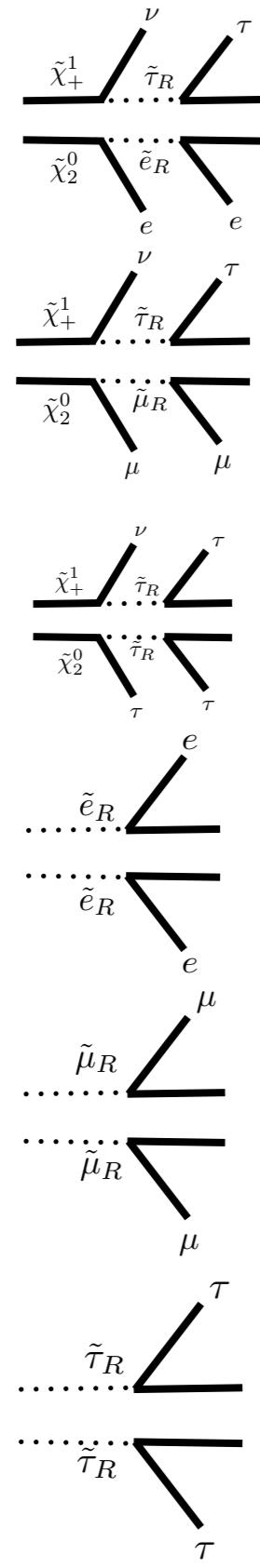
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$

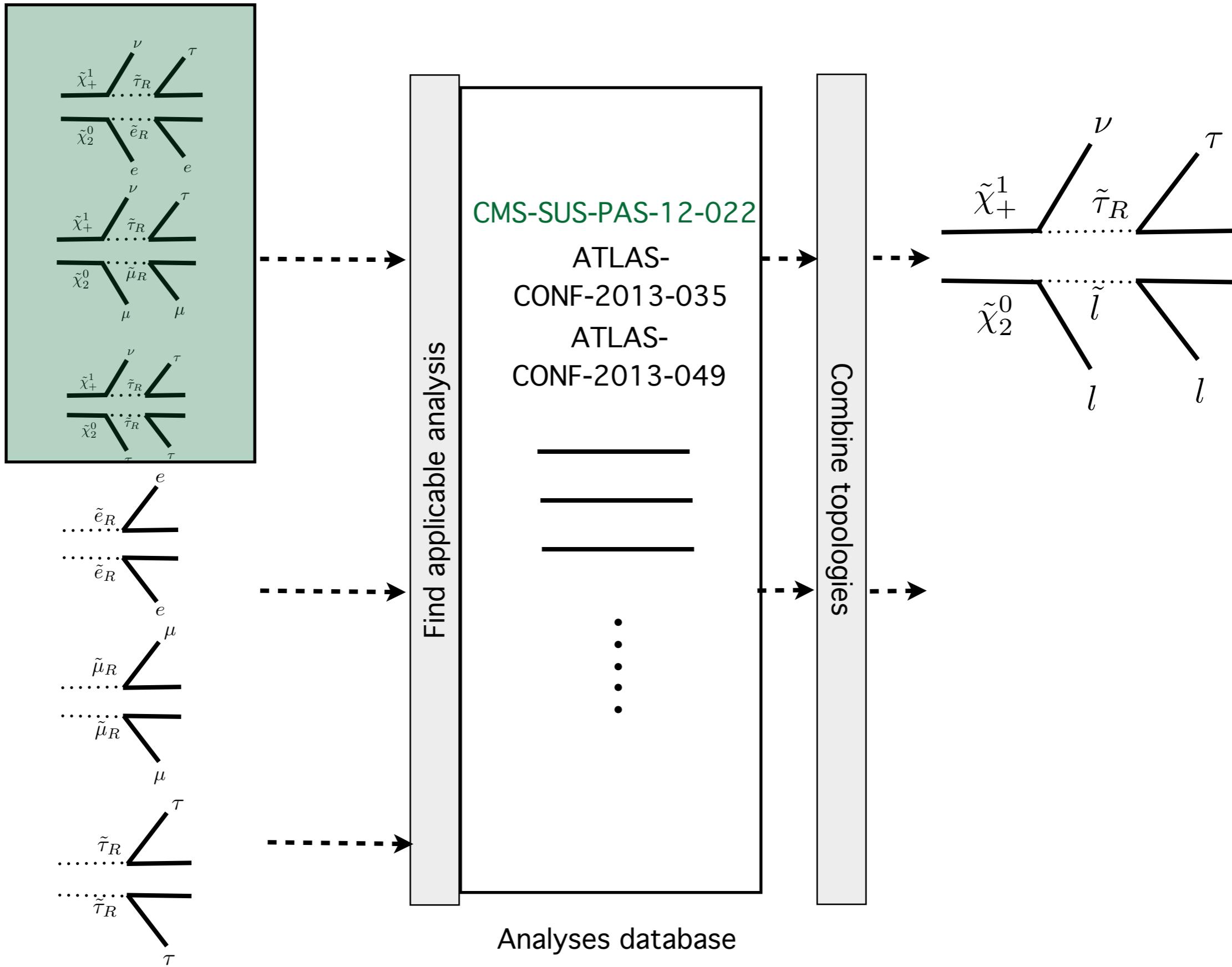


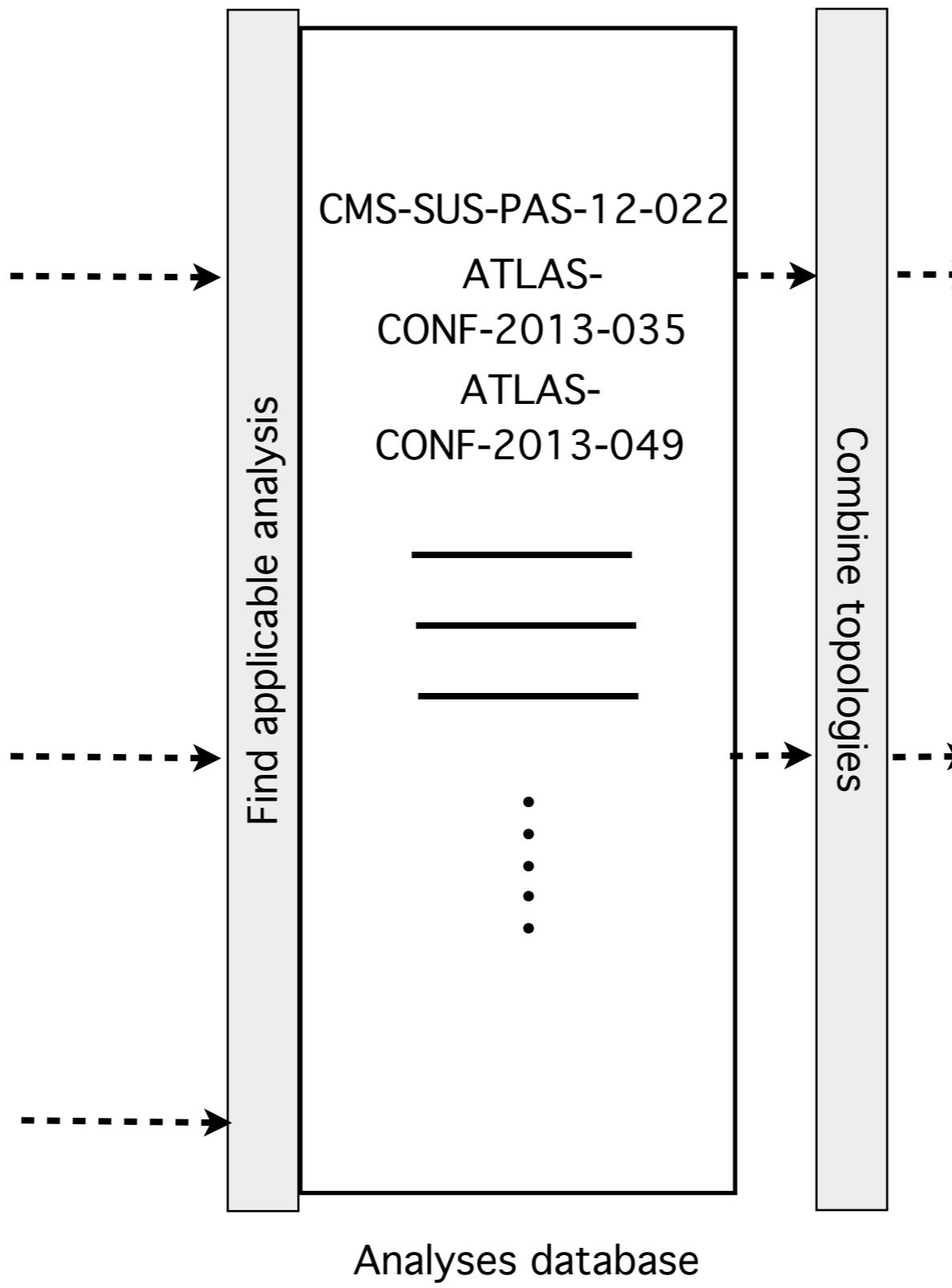
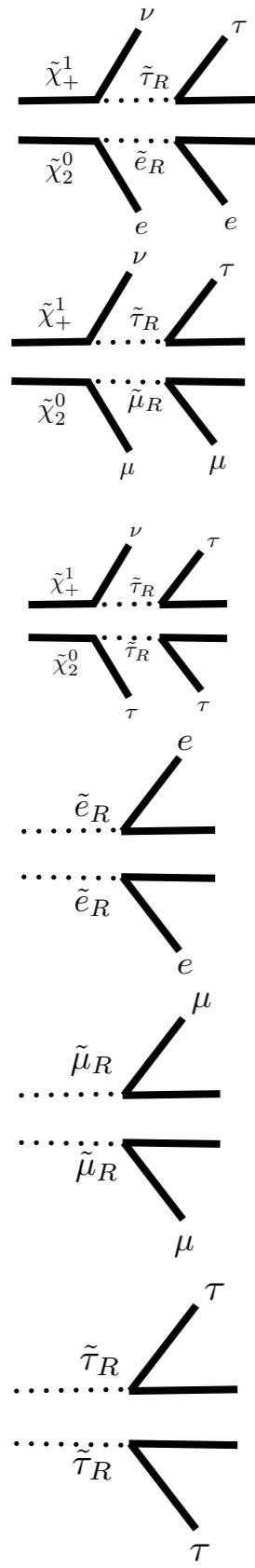
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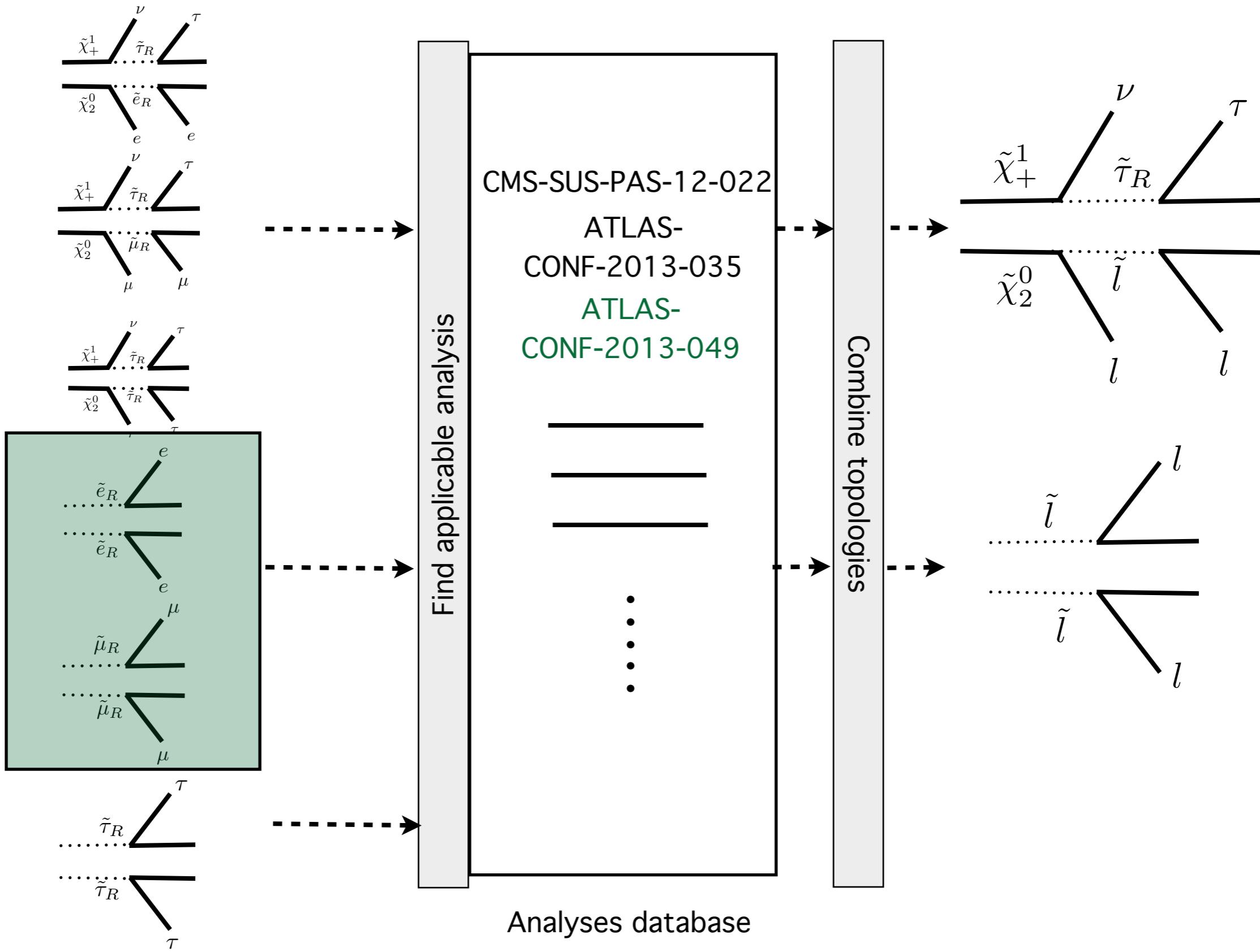
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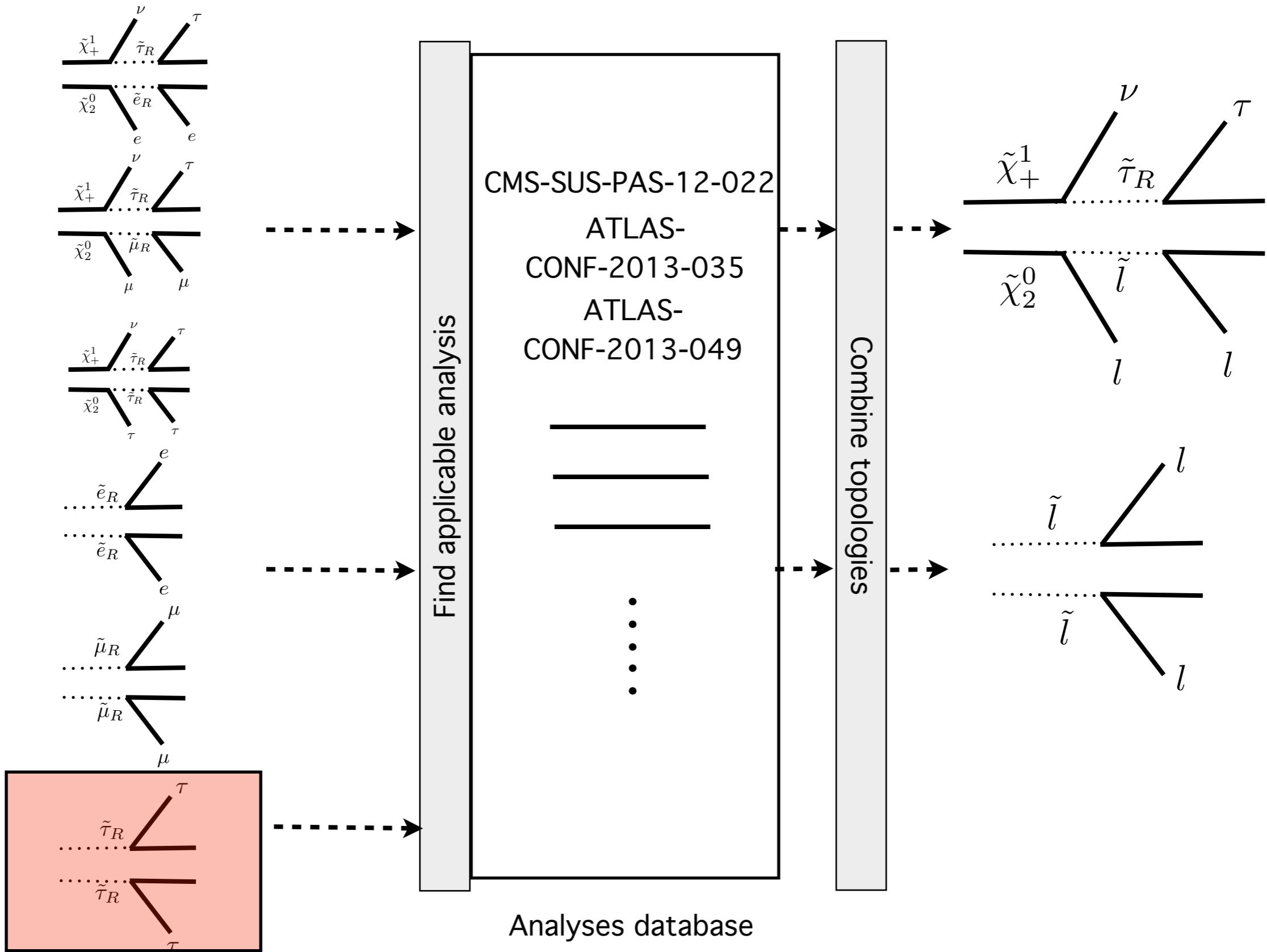
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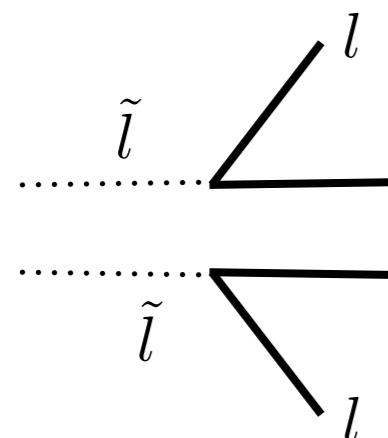
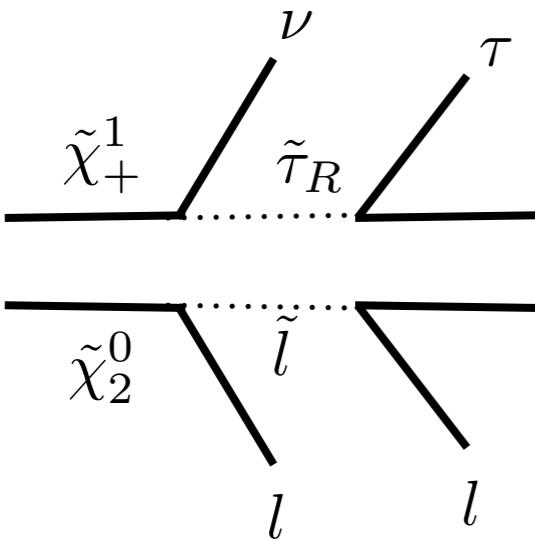












Look-up experimental limits

Is theory prediction > experimental limit?

Yes

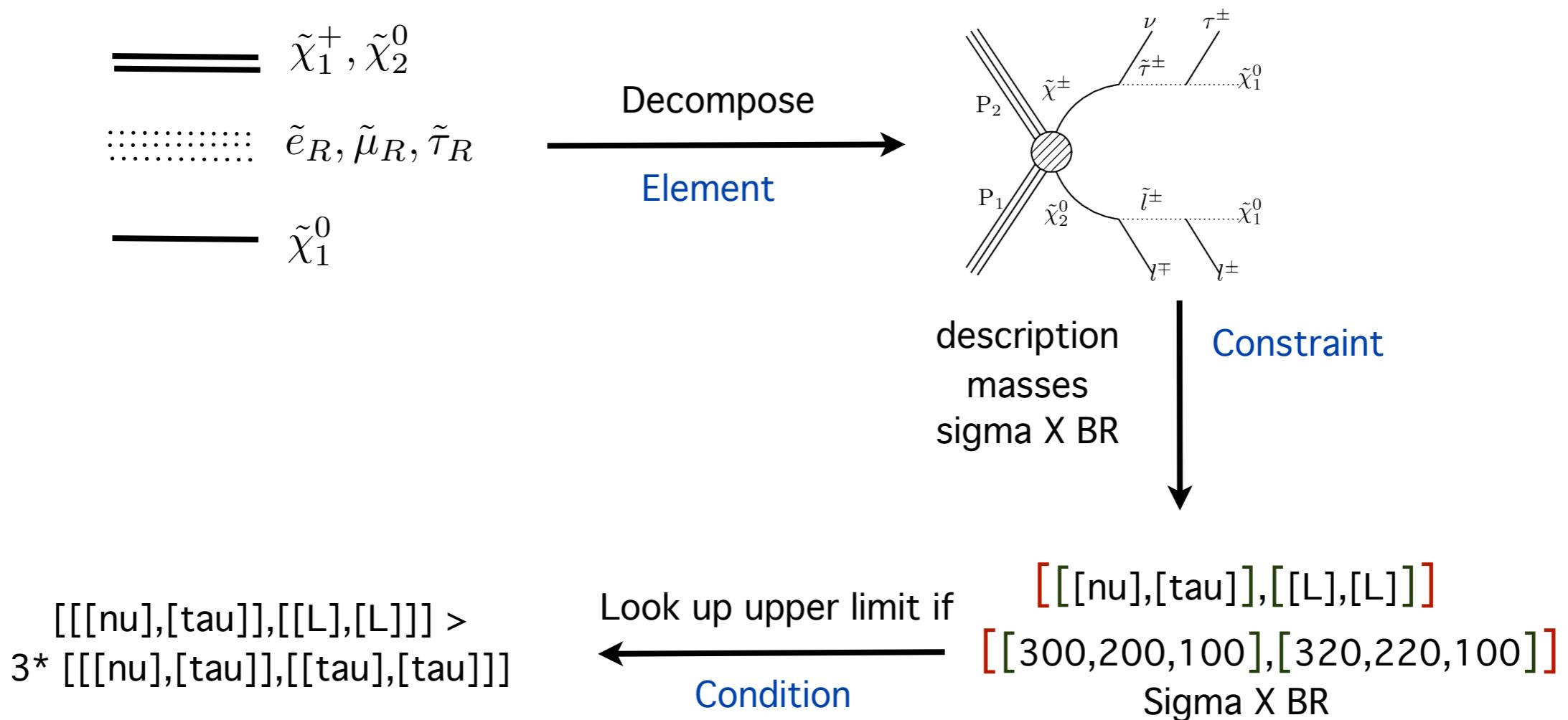
No

Point excluded

Point allowed

SModelS framework

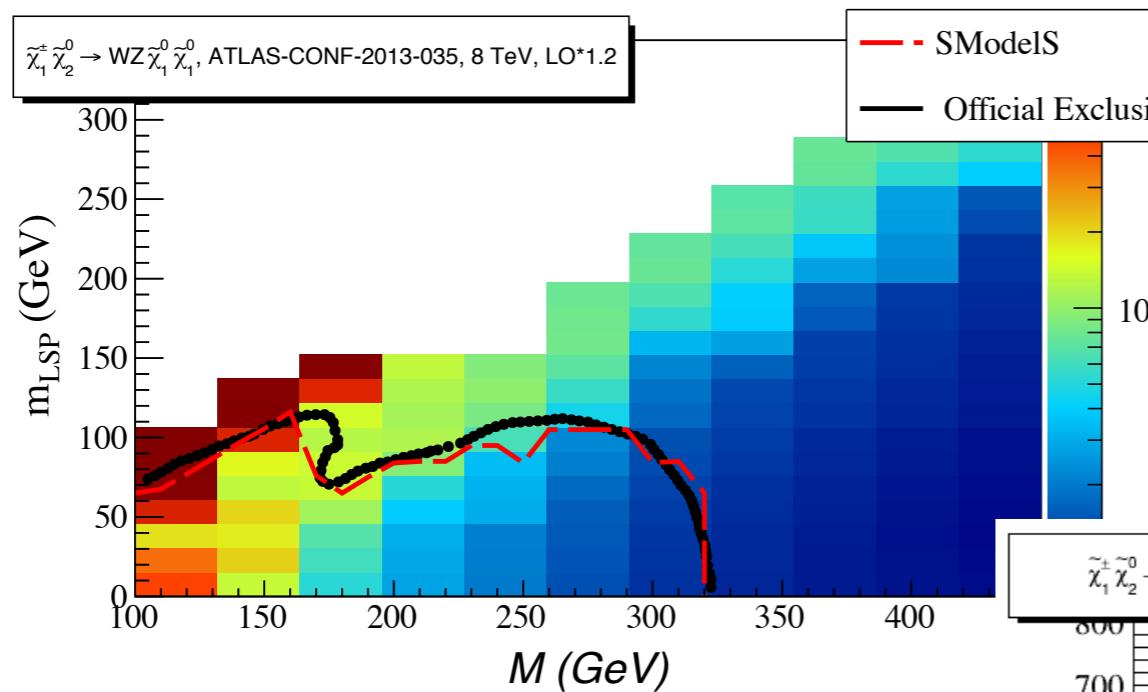
- Consider:



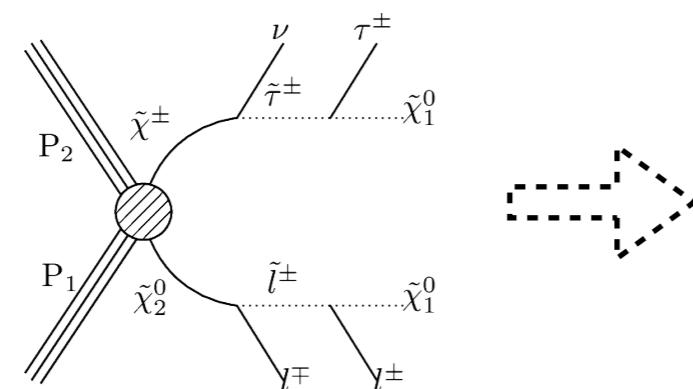
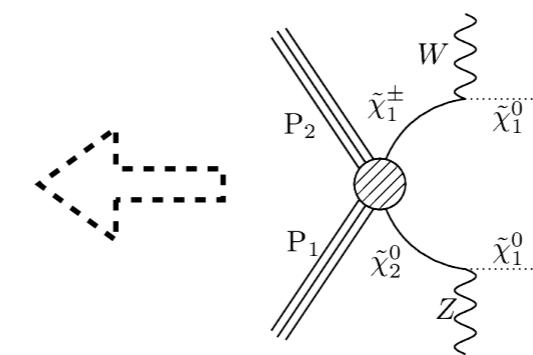
- The framework does not depend on characteristics of SUSY particles, can also be applied to decompose any BSM spectra of arbitrary complexity

How do we know it works?

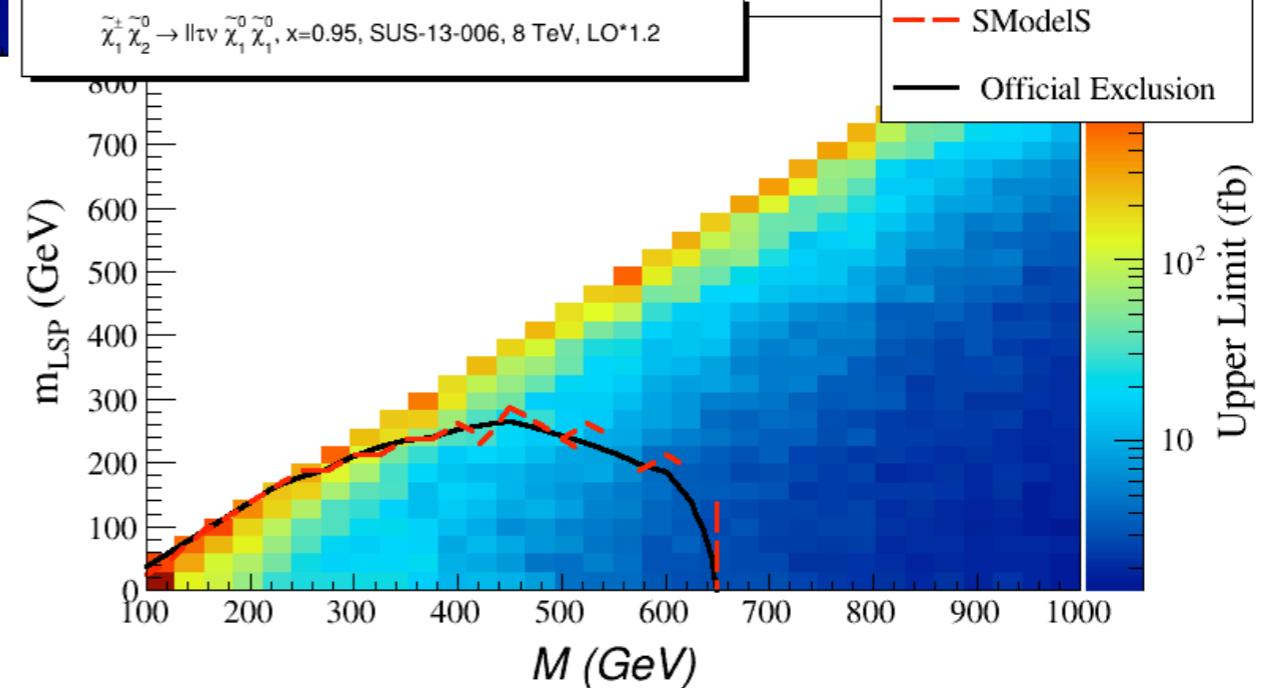
- The code has been validated through the reproduction of various SMS exclusion curves



[[[W]],[[Z]]]



[[[nu],[tau]],[[L],[L]]]



Typical examples of validation plot

For a real life application of the code c.f. B. Dumont's talk

SMS approach - what's next?

- SMS approach is not perfect yet
- Not all SMS topologies are present
- Need more information from experiments, getting more and more help from experimentalists
- Likelihood information and efficiency maps can be used to combine different SMS results, they should be built or provided
- Many groups are thinking in these directions to improve upon current results

Conclusions

- SMS results are a good way to test BSM theories and can have a good constraining power
- SModelS is designed to utilize this power and constrain BSM scenarios
- The formalism of the code is generic and can be applied to any BSM spectra for which SMS results are applicable
- It can also be used when there will be signal for BSM at the LHC
- There is still room for improvement
- Stay tuned applying LHC searches to your favorite BSM model is being made easy!